

Assignment 1

Maxime CHAMBREUIL
 McGill ID: 260067572
 maxime.chambreuil@mail.mcgill.ca

Contents

1	Exercise 1	1
2	Exercise 2 : Conditional probability warm-up	1
3	Exercise 3 : Conditional probability	2
4	Exercise 4	2
4.1	With no information	2
4.2	With conditional independence	2
4.3	With boolean variables	3
5	Exercise 5	3
5.1	Bayes network	3
5.2	Without information	3
5.3	Given that the alien has a weapon	4
5.4	Given that Data escapes	4

1 Exercise 1

$$X \perp\!\!\!\perp Y/Z \Rightarrow p(X/Y, Z) = p(X/Z)$$

$$p(X, Y, Z) = p(Z) \times p(X/Z) \times p(Y/Z)$$

2 Exercise 2 : Conditional probability warm-up

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(A, B/E) &= \frac{p(A, B, E)}{p(E)} \\
 &= \frac{p(A/B, E) \times p(B, E)}{p(E)} \\
 &= \frac{p(A/B, E) \times p(B/E) \times p(E)}{p(E)} \\
 &= p(A/B, E) \times p(B/E)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(A/B, C) &= \frac{p(A, B, C)}{p(B, C)} \\
 &= \frac{p(C) \times p(A, B/C)}{p(C) \times p(B/C)} \\
 &= \frac{p(B/A, C) \times p(A/C)}{p(B/C)}
 \end{aligned}$$

3 Exercise 3 : Conditional probability

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(A, B/C) &= p(A/B, C) \times p(B/C) \\
 &= p(A/C) \times p(B/C)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A \perp\!\!\!\perp B/C \Rightarrow p(A, B/C) &= p(A/C) \times p(B/C) \\
 &= p(B/C) \times p(A/C) \\
 &= p(B, A/C) \Rightarrow B \perp\!\!\!\perp A/C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A \perp\!\!\!\perp (B \cup D)/C \Rightarrow p(A/(B \cup D), C) &= p(A/C) \\
 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} p(A/B, C) = p(A, C) \Rightarrow A \perp\!\!\!\perp B/C \\ \text{and} \\ p(A/D, C) = p(A, C) \Rightarrow A \perp\!\!\!\perp D/C \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A \perp\!\!\!\perp (B \cup D)/C \Rightarrow \begin{cases} A \perp\!\!\!\perp B/C \Rightarrow p(A/B, C) = p(A, C) \\ A \perp\!\!\!\perp D/C \Rightarrow p(A/D, C) = p(A, C) \end{cases} \\
 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} p(A/B, C) = p(A, C) \Rightarrow p(A/B, C \cup D) = p(A, C \cup D) \\ p(A/D, C) = p(A, C) \Rightarrow p(A/D, B \cup C) = p(A, B \cup C) \end{cases} \\
 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} A \perp\!\!\!\perp B/C \cup D \\ A \perp\!\!\!\perp D/B \cup C \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

4 Exercise 4

4.1 With no information

$$p(H/E_1, E_2) = \frac{p(E_1, E_2/H) \times p(H)}{p(E_1, E_2)}$$

We need the ii sets of numbers.

4.2 With conditional independence

$$p(H/E_1, E_2) = \frac{p(E_1/H) \times p(E_2/H) \times p(H)}{p(E_1, E_2)}$$

We need the i sets of numbers.

4.3 With boolean variables

We need 3 numbers for the first case and only 2 ($p(H)$ and $p(E_1, E_2)$) for the second one.

5 Exercise 5

5.1 Bayes network

Boolean variables:

- A: "Alien wears a weapon"
- B: "The weapon is a neurotransmitter disruptor"
- C: "Data is disabled or damaged"
- D: "The alien fires his weapon"
- E: "Data out-powers the alien"
- F: "Data escapes"

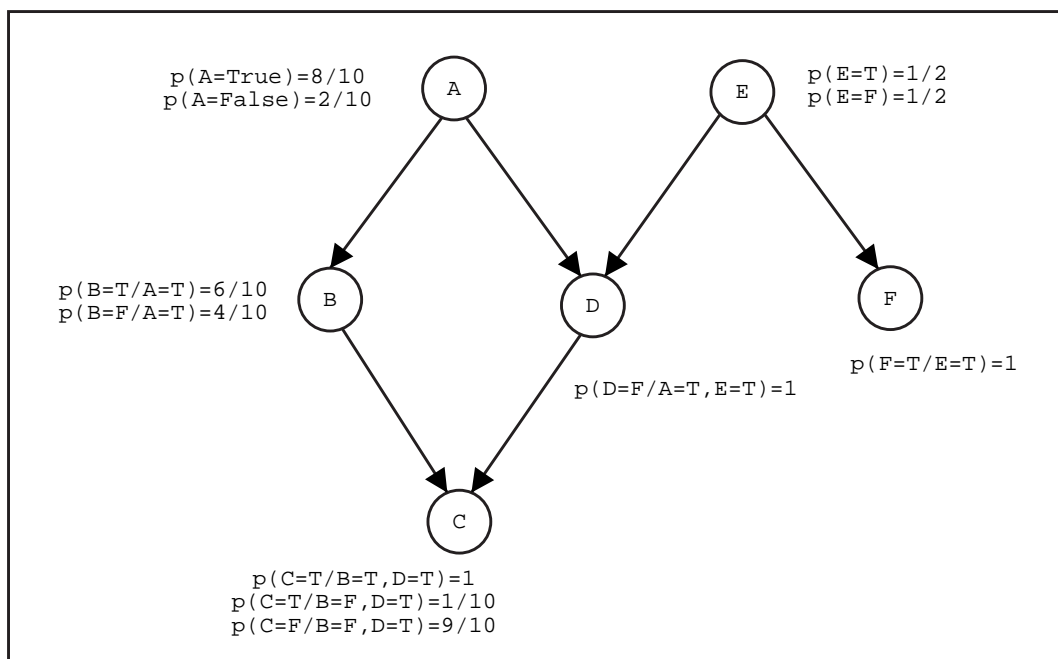


Figure 1: Bayes network of Data

5.2 Without information

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(C) &= p(C/B)p(B) + p(C/D)p(D) \\
 &= p(C/B)p(B/A)p(A) + p(C/D) [p(D/A)p(A) + p(D/E)p(E)]
 \end{aligned}$$

5.3 Given that the alien has a weapon

$$p(C/A = T) = p(C/B)p(B/A = T) + p(C/D)[p(D/A = T) + p(D/E)p(E)]$$

5.4 Given that Data escapes

$$p(A/F = T) = \frac{p(F/A)p(A)}{p(F)}$$